Inquiry-Based Literacy Standards (I)

Standard 1: Formulate relevant, self-generated questions based on interests and/or needs that can be investigated.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
1.1 Formulate questions to focus thinking on	1.1 Formulate questions to focus thinking on	1.1 Formulate questions to focus thinking on
an idea to narrow and direct further	an idea to narrow and direct further	an idea to narrow and direct further
inquiry.	inquiry.	inquiry.

Standard 2: Transact with texts to formulate questions, propose explanations, and consider alternative views and multiple perspectives.

2.1 Explore topics of interest to formulate	2.1 Explore topics of interest to formulate	 Explore topics of interest to formulate
logical questions; build knowledge;	logical questions; build knowledge;	logical questions; build knowledge;
generate possible explanations; consider	generate possible explanations; consider	generate possible explanations; consider
alternative views.	alternative views.	alternative views.

Standard 3: Construct knowledge, applying disciplinary concepts and tools, to build deeper understanding of the world through exploration, collaboration, and analysis.

3.1 Develop a plan of action for collecting	3.1 Develop a plan of action for collecting	3.1 Develop a plan of action for collecting
relevant information from primary and	relevant information from primary and	relevant information from primary and
secondary sources.	secondary sources.	secondary sources.
3.2 Organize and categorize important	3.2 Organize and categorize important	3.2 Organize and categorize important
information; collaborate to validate or	information; collaborate to validate or	information; collaborate to validate or
revise thinking; report relevant findings.	revise thinking; report relevant findings.	revise thinking; report relevant findings.

Standard 4: Synthesize information to share learning and/or take action.

Standard 4. Synthesize information to share	rear ming and or take actions	
4.1 Draw logical conclusions from	4.1 Draw logical conclusions from	4.1 Draw logical conclusions from
relationships and patterns discovered	relationships and patterns discovered	relationships and patterns discovered
during the inquiry process.	during the inquiry process.	during the inquiry process.
4.2 Reflect on findings to build deeper	4.2 Reflect on findings to build deeper	4.2 Reflect on findings to build deeper
understanding and determine next steps.	understanding and determine next steps.	understanding and determine next steps.
4.3 Determine appropriate tools and develop	4.3 Determine appropriate tools and develop	4.3 Determine appropriate tools and develop
plan to communicate findings and/or take	plan to communicate findings and/or take	plan to communicate findings and/or take
informed action.	informed action.	informed action.

Standard 5: Reflect throughout the inquiry process to assess metacognition, broaden understanding, and guide actions, both individually and collaboratively.

5.1 Acknowledge and value individual and	5.1 Acknowledge and value individual and	5.1 Acknowledge and value individual and
collective thinking.	collective thinking.	collective thinking.
5.2 Employ past learning to monitor and assess	5.2 Employ past learning to monitor and	5.2 Employ past learning to monitor and assess
current learning to guide inquiry.	assess current learning to guide inquiry.	current learning to guide inquiry.
5.3 Assess the process and determine strategies	5.3 Assess the process and determine	5.3 Assess the process and determine strategies
to revise the plan and apply learning for	strategies to revise the plan and apply	to revise the plan and apply learning for
future inquiry.	learning for future inquiry.	future inquiry.

Reading – Literary Text (RL)

Expectations for Teaching and Learning

Learning should be modeled, supported, and reflect gradual release of responsibility at all levels.

Teachers should continue to address earlier standards as they apply to more complex text.

Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.

By the end of fifth grade, students read four major types of literary texts in print and multimedia formats: fiction, literary nonfiction, poetry, and drama. In the category of fiction, they read the following specific types of texts: chapter books, adventure stories, historical fiction, contemporary realistic fiction, science fiction, picture books, folktales, legends, tall tales, and myths. In the category of literary nonfiction, they read personal essays, autobiographical and biographical sketches, and speeches. In the category of poetry, they read narrative poems, lyrical poems, humorous poems, and free verse.

Fundamentals of Reading

- Integrate an information (cueing) system that includes meaning (semantics), structure (syntax), visual (graphophonic), and pragmatics (schematic) to make meaning from text.
- · Gain understanding by applying reading strategies of monitoring, searching, confirming, cross-checking, rereading and self-correcting.
- Employ comprehension strategies before, during, and after reading text using schema, annotating, questioning, visualizing, drawing inferences, determining importance, summarizing, and synthesizing.
- · Use metacognition to monitor meaning and adjust strategies while reading.

Kindergarten Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.

· Notice and analyze the styles and techniques authors use to help readers construct meaning.

Principles of Reading (P)

Standard 1: Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.

Standard 1: Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.		
GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
1.1 Students are expected to build upon and cont	inue applying previous learning.	
Grade 1 Recognize the distinguishing features of	Grade 1 Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence.	
1.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.		
1.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.		
1.4 Students are expected to build upon and cont	inue applyine previous learnine.	

Standard 2: Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds.			
2.1 Students are expected to build upon and cont			
Grade 1 Distinguish long from short vowel sound	ds in spoken single-syllable words.		
2.2 Students are expected to build upon and cont	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Orally produce single-syllable words by	blending sounds including consonant blends in sp	ooken words.	
2.3 Students are expected to build upon and cont	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vo	owel, and final sounds in spoken single-syllable wo	rds.	
2.4 Students are expected to build upon and cont	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Segment spoken single-syllable words in	nto their complete sequence of individual sounds.		
2.5 Students are expected to build upon and cont	tinue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Add or substitute individual sound	ls in simple, one-syllable words to make new word:	s.	
Standard 3: Know and apply grade-level pho	nics and word analysis skills in decoding words		
3.1 Identify and know the meaning of the most	3.1 Use combined knowledge of all letter-	3.1 Students are expected to build upon and	
common prefixes and derivational	sound correspondences, syllabication	continue applying previous learning.	
suffixes.	patterns, base words, and affixes to read		
	accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words		
	in context.		
3.2 Students are expected to build upon and cont			
Grade 2 Use knowledge of how syllables work to read multisyllabic words.			
3.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.			
Grade 2 Read irregularly spelled two-syllable words and words with common prefixes and suffixes.			
3.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.			
Grade 2 Use and apply knowledge of vowel diphthongs.			
3.5 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.			
Grade 2 Use and apply knowledge of how inflectional endings change words.			
3.6 Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled 3.6 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.			
words.			

Standard 4: Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension

Standard 4: Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.	
4.1 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
Grade 2 Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.	
4.2 Read grade-level prose and poetry orally	4.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.
with accuracy, appropriate rate,	
expression, intonation, and phrasing on	
successive readings.	
4.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
Grade 1 Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	

Meaning and Context (MC)

Standard 5: Determine meaning and develop logical interpretations by making predictions, inferring, drawing conclusions, analyzing, synthesizing, providing evidence, and investigating multiple interpretations.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
5.1 Ask and answer literal and inferential	5.1 Ask and answer inferential questions to	5.1 Quote accurately to analyze the meaning of
questions to determine meaning; refer	analyze meaning beyond the text; refer to	and beyond the text to support inferences
explicitly to the text to support inferences	details and examples within a text to	and conclusions.
and conclusions.	support inferences and conclusions.	
5.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 2 Make predictions before and during reading; confirm or modify thinking.		

Standard 6: Summarize key details and ideas to support analysis of thematic development.

6.1 Determine the theme by recalling key	6.1 Determine the development of a theme	6.1 Determine and analyze the development of
details that support the theme.	within a text; summarize using key details.	a theme within a text; summarize using key
		details.

Standard 7: Analyze the relationship among ideas, themes, or topics in multiple media, formats, and in visual, auditory, and kinesthetic modalities.

7.1 Explain how illustrations contribute to create	1	7.1 Compare and contrast textual, dramatic,
mood or emphasize aspects of character or	among textual, dramatic, visual, or oral	visual, or oral presentations to identify
setting.	presentations.	similarities and differences.
7.2 Compare and contrast how an author uses	7.2 Compare and contrast the treatment of	7.2 Compare and contrast the treatment of
characters to develop theme and plot in	similar themes, topics, and patterns of	similar themes, topics, and patterns of
different texts within a series.	events in texts and diverse media.	events depicted in diverse modalities.

Standard 8: Analyze characters, settings, event	is, and ideas as they develop and interact with	iin a particular context.
8.1 Use text evidence to:	8.1 Use text evidence to:	8.1 Cite evidence within text to:
 a. describe characters' traits, motivations, and 	a. explain how conflicts cause the characters	a. analyze two or more characters, events, or
feelings and explain how their actions	to change or revise plans while moving	settings in a text and explain the impact on
contribute to the development of the plot; and	toward resolution; and	the plot; and,
 b. explain the influence of cultural and historical 	b. explain the influence of cultural,	 b. explain the influence of cultural,
context on characters, setting, and plot	historical, and social context on	historical, social and political context on
development.	characters, setting, and plot	characters, setting, and plot development.
	development.	

Language, Craft, and Structure (LCS)

Standard 9: Interpret and analyze the author's use of words, phrases, and conventions, and how their relationships shape meaning and tone in print and multimedia texts.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
9.1 Identify and explain how the author uses	9.1 Identify and explain how the author uses	9.1 Cite examples of the author's use of
idioms, metaphor, or personification to	imagery, hyperbole, adages, or proverbs	figurative language, dialogue, imagery,
shape meaning and style.	to shape meaning and tone.	idioms, adages, and proverbs to shape meaning and tone.
9.2 Explain how the author's choice of words, illustrations, and conventions combine to create mood, contribute to meaning, and emphasize aspects of a character or setting.	9.2 Explain how the author's choice of words, illustrations, and conventions combine to create mood, contribute to meaning, and emphasize aspects of a character or setting.	9.2 Analyze and cite examples of how the author's choice of words and conventions combine to create mood, shape meaning, and emphasize aspects of a character or setting.

Standard 10: Apply a range of strategies to determine and deepen the meaning of known, unknown, and multiple-meaning words,

phrases, and jargon; acquire and use general academic and domain-specific vocabulary.		
10.1 Use paragraph-level context to determine the meaning of words and phrases.	10.1 Use definitions, examples, and restatements to determine the meaning of words or phrases.	10.1 Use cause and effect relationships and comparisons to determine the meaning of words or phrases.
10.2 Determine the meaning of a word when an affix is added to a base word.	10.2 Determine the meaning of an unknown word using knowledge of base words and Greek and Latin affixes.	10.2 Determine the meaning of an unknown word using knowledge of base words and Greek and Latin affixes.
10.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning. Grade 2 Use a base word to determine the meaning of an unknown word with the same base.		
10.4 Students are expected to continue to build upon concepts learned previously. Grade 2 Use the meanings of individual words to predict the meaning of compound words.		
10.5 Consult print and multimedia resources to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words or phrases.	10.5 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
10.6 Acquire and use general academic and domain-specific words and phrases that signal spatial and temporal relationships; demonstrate an understanding of nuances.	10.6 Acquire and use general academic and domain-specific words or phrases that signal precise actions, emotions, and states of being; demonstrate an understanding of nuances and jargon.	10.6 Acquire and use general academic and domain-specific words or phrases that signal contrast, addition, and logical relationships; demonstrate an understanding of nuances and jargon.

Standard 11: Analyze and provide evidence of how the author's choice of point of view, perspective, or purpose shapes content, meaning, and style.

•		
11.1 Explain the differences between first	11.1 Compare and contrast first and third	11.1 Explain how the author's choice of the point
and third person points of view.	person points of view; determine how an	of view of a narrator or character impacts
	author's choice of point of view	content, meaning, and how events are
	influences the content and meaning.	described.
11.2 Compare and contrast the reader's	11.2 Students are expected to build upon and c	ontinue applying concepts learned previously.
point of view to that of the narrator or a		
character.		

Standard 12: Analyze and critique how the author uses structures in print and multimedia texts to shape meaning and impact the reader.

12.1 Identify text structures of various genres	12.1 Explain how a series of chapters, scenes,	12.1 Explain how text structures in prose,
using the terms paragraph, chapter, scene,	or stanzas fit together to provide the overall	drama, or poetry differ using terms unique
and stanza; describe how each part	structure of a particular story, drama, or	to the genre.
transitions.	poem.	
12.2 Identify crafted text structures such as a	12.2 Determine characteristics of crafted text	12.2 Compare how different crafted text
collection of photographs or poetry texts,	structures and describe why an author uses	structures contribute to meaning and
texts with a series of short memoirs, an	these structure.	impact the reader.
inanimate voice text, and a framing		
question text.		

Range and Complexity (RC)

Standard 13: Read independently and comprehend a variety of texts for the purposes of reading for enjoyment, acquiring new learning, and building stamina; reflect and respond to increasingly complex text over time.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
13.1 Engage in whole and small group reading	13.1 Engage in whole and small group reading	13.1 Engage in whole and small group reading
with purpose and understanding.	with purpose and understanding.	with purpose and understanding.
13.2 Read independently for sustained periods	13.2 Read independently for sustained periods	13.2 Read independently for sustained periods
of time to build stamina.	of time to build stamina.	of time to build stamina.
13.3 Read and respond according to task and	13.3 Read and respond according to task and	13.3 Read and respond according to task and
purpose to become self-directed, critical	purpose to become self-directed, critical	purpose to become self-directed, critical
readers and thinkers.	readers and thinkers.	readers and thinkers.

Reading – Informational Text (RI)

Expectations for Teaching and Learning

Learning should be modeled, supported, and reflect gradual release of responsibility at all levels.

Teachers should continue to address earlier standards as they apply to more complex text.

Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.

By the end of fifth grade, students read informational (expository/persuasive/argumentative) texts in print and multimedia formats of the following types: essays, historical documents, informational trade books, textbooks, news and feature articles, magazine articles, advertisements, encyclopedia entries, reviews (for example, book, movie, product), journals, and speeches. They also read directions, maps, time lines, graphs, tables, charts, schedules, recipes, and photos embedded in informational texts. In addition, they examine commercials, documentaries, and other forms of multimedia informational texts.

Fundamentals of Reading

- Integrate an information (cueing) system that includes meaning (semantics), structure (syntax), visual (graphophonic), and pragmatics (schematic) to make meaning from text.
- Gain understanding by applying reading strategies of monitoring, searching, confirming, cross-checking, rereading and self-correcting.
- Employ comprehension strategies before, during, and after reading text using schema, annotating, questioning, visualizing, drawing inferences, determining importance, summarizing, and synthesizing.
- Use metacognition to monitor meaning and adjust strategies while reading.
- Notice and analyze the styles and techniques authors use to help readers construct meaning.

Principles of Reading (P)

Standard 1: Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.

Standard 1: Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.		
GRADE THREE	GRADE THREE GRADE FOUR GRADE FIVE	
1.1 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence.		
1.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences of letters.		
1.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Understand that words are separated by spaces in print.		
1.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning		

Kindergarten Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.

Standard 2: Demonstrate understanding of s	poken words, syllables, and sounds.	
2.1 Students are expected to build upon and con-	tinue applying previous learning.	
Grade 1 Distinguish long from short vowel soun	ds in spoken single-syllable words.	
2.2 Students are expected to build upon and con-	tinue applying previous learning.	
Grade 1 Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds including consonant blends in spoken words.		
2.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds in spoken single-syllable words.		
2.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds.		
2.5 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Kindergarten Add or substitute individual sounds in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.		
Standard 3: Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.		
3.1 Identify and know the meaning of the most	3.1 Use combined knowledge of all letter-	3.1 Students are expected to build upon and
common prefixes and derivational	sound correspondences, syllabication	continue applying previous learning.

common prefixes and derivational suffixes.	sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, base words, and affixes to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context.	continue applying previous learning.	
3.2 Students are expected to build upon and con			
3.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning. Grade 2 Use knowledge of how syllables work to read multisyllabic words.			
3.3 Students are expected to build upon and con	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 2 Read irregularly spelled two-syllable w	ords and words with common prefixes and suffixes	i.	
3.4 Students are expected to build upon and con	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 2 Use and apply knowledge of vowel diphthongs.			
3.5 Students are expected to build upon and con	tinue applying previous learning.		
Grade 2 Use and apply knowledge of how inflec	tional endings change words.		

Standard 4: Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.		
4.1 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade1 Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.		
4.2 Read grade-level prose and poetry orally	4.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
with accuracy, appropriate rate, expression,		
intonation, and phrasing on successive		
readings.		
4.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 1 Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.		

3.6 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.

3.6 Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled

words.

Meaning and Context (MC)

Standard 5: Determine meaning and develop logical interpretations by making predictions, inferring, drawing conclusions, analyzing, synthesizing, providing evidence, and investigating multiple interpretations.

ay minestand, providing evidence, and investigating manipro interpretations.		
GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
5.1 Ask and answer literal and inferential questions	5.1 Ask and answer inferential questions to	5.1 Quote accurately from a text to
to determine meaning; refer explicitly to the	analyze meaning beyond the text; refer to	analyze meaning in and beyond the
text to support inferences and conclusions.	details and examples within a text to	text.
	support inferences and conclusions.	
5.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
Grade 2 Make predictions before and during reading; confirm or modify thinking.		

Standard 6: Summarize key details and ideas to support analysis of central ideas.

6.1 Summarize multi-paragraph texts using key	6.1 Summarize multi-paragraph texts using key	6.1 Summarize a text with two or more
details to support the central idea.	details to support the central idea.	central ideas; cite key supporting
		details.

Standard 7: Research events, topics, ideas, or concepts through multiple media, formats, and in visual, auditory, and kinesthetic modalities.

7.1 Compare and contrast diverse texts on the	7.1 Compare and contrast how events, topics,	7.1 Compare and contrast how events,
same topic, idea, or concept.	concepts, and ideas are depicted in primary	topics, concepts, and ideas are depicted
	and secondary sources.	in primary and secondary sources.

Language, Craft, and Structure (LCS)

Standard 8: Interpret and analyze the author's use of words, phrases, text features, conventions, and structures, and how their relationships shape meaning and tone in print and multimedia texts.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE			
8.1 Explain how the author uses words and	8.1 Determine how the author uses words and	8.1 Analyze how the author uses words and			
phrases to inform, explain, or describe.	phrases to shape and clarify meaning.	phrases to shape and clarify meaning.			
8.2 Use knowledge of appendices, timelines,	8.2 Apply knowledge of text features to gain	8.2 Apply knowledge of text features in			
maps, and charts to locate information and	meaning; describe the relationship	multiple sources to gain meaning or solve a			
gain meaning; explain how these features	between these features and the text.	problem.			
contribute to a text.		-			

Standard 9: Apply a range of strategies to determine and deepen the meaning of known, unknown, and multiple-meaning words, phrases, and jargon; acquire and use general academic and domain-specific vocabulary.

phrases, and jargon, acquire and use general academic and domain-specific vocabulary.				
9.1 Use paragraph-level context to determine	9.1 Use definitions, examples, and	9.1 Use the overall meaning of a text or word's		
the meaning of words and phrases.	restatements to determine the meaning of position or function to determine the			
	words or phrases.	meaning of a word or phrase.		
9.2 Determine the meaning of a word when an	9.2 Determine the meaning of an unknown	9.2 Determine the meaning of an unknown		
affix is added to a base word.	word using knowledge of base words and	word using knowledge of base words and		
	Greek and Latin affixes.	Greek and Latin affixes.		
9.3 Students are expected to build upon and con	tinue applying previous learning.			
Grade 2 Use a base word to determine the mean	ning of an unknown word with the same base.			
9.4 Consult print and multimedia resources to	9.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.			
find the pronunciation and determine or				
clarify the precise meaning of key words				
or phrases.				
9.5 Acquire and use general academic and	9.5 Acquire and use general academic and	9.5 Students are expected to build upon and		
domain-specific words and phrases that	domain-specific words or phrases that	continue applying previous learning.		
signal spatial and temporal relationships;	signal precise actions, emotions, and states			
demonstrate an understanding of nuances.	of being; demonstrate an understanding of			
	nuances and jargon.			

Standard 10: Analyze and provide evidence of how the author's choice of purpose and perspective shapes content, meaning, and style.

10.1 State the author's purpose; distinguish	10.1 Identify and describe the difference between	10.1 Compare and contrast a primary and
one's own perspective from that of the	a primary and secondary account of the same	secondary account of the same event or
author.	event or topic.	topic.

Standard 11: Analyze and critique how the author uses structures in print and multimedia texts to craft informational and argument writing.

11.1 Identify problem and solution, description,		11.1 Apply knowledge of text structures
and question and answer structures to	describe how structures contribute to	across multiple texts to locate
locate information and gain meaning.	meaning.	information and gain meaning.
11.2 Describe the structures an author uses to	11.2 Explain how an author uses reasons and	11.2 Explain how an author uses reasons and
support specific points.	evidence to support particular points.	evidence to support particular points,
		identifying which reasons and evidence
		support which points.

Range and Complexity

Standard 12: Read independently and comprehend a variety of texts for the purposes of reading for enjoyment, acquiring new learning,

and building stamina; reflect and respond to increasingly complex text over time.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
12.1 Engage in whole and small group reading	12.1 Engage in whole and small group reading	12.1 Engage in whole and small group reading
with purpose and understanding.	with purpose and understanding.	with purpose and understanding.
12.2 Read independently for sustained periods	12.2 Read independently for sustained periods	12.2 Read independently for sustained periods
of time.	of time.	of time.
12.3 Read and respond according to task and	12.3 Read and respond according to task and	12.3 Read and respond according to task and
purpose to become self-directed, critical	purpose to become self-directed, critical	purpose to become self-directed, critical
readers and thinkers.	readers and thinkers.	readers and thinkers.

Writing (W)

Expectations for Teaching and Learning

Learning should be modeled, supported, and reflect gradual release of responsibility at all levels. Teachers should continue to address earlier standards as they apply to more complex text. Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.

Fundamentals of Writing

- Employ a recursive writing process that includes planning, drafting, revising, editing, rewriting, publishing, and reflecting.
- Interact and collaborate with peers and adults to develop and strengthen writing.
- Produce writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, discipline, and audience.
- Use clear and coherent written language to accomplish a purpose such as learning, enjoyment, argument, and the exchange of information.
- Monitor progress throughout the writing process and adjust strategies as needed from independence to collaboration within a writing community.
- Incorporate authors' craft techniques observed from wide reading of anchor and mentor texts across disciplines to inform, explain, convince/argue, and entertain.

Meaning, Context, and Craft (MCC)

Sta	Standard 1: Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.				
	GRADE THREE		GRADE FOUR		GRADE FIVE
1.1	Write opinion pieces that:	1.1	Write opinion pieces that:	1.1	Write arguments that:
a.	introduce the topic or text, state an	a.	introduce a topic or text clearly, state an	a.	introduce a topic or text clearly, state a
	opinion, and create an organizational		opinion, and create an organizational		claim, and create an organizational
	structure that includes reasons;		structure in which related ideas are		structure in which related ideas are
b.	use information from multiple print and		grouped to support the writer's purpose;		grouped to support the writer's purpose;
	multimedia sources;	b.	use information from multiple print and	Ъ.	use information from multiple print and
c.	organize supporting reasons logically;		multimedia sources;		multimedia sources;
d.	use transitional words or phrases to	c.	provide reasons supported by facts and	c.	provide logically ordered reasons
	connect opinions and reasons;		details;		supported by relevant facts and details;
e.	develop and strengthen writing as needed	d.	use transitional words or phrases to	d.	use transitional words, phrases, and
	by planning, revising, and editing building		connect opinions and reasons;		clauses to connect claim and reasons;
	on personal ideas and the ideas of others;	e.	develop and strengthen writing as needed	e.	
f.	use paraphrasing and original language to		by planning, revising, and editing building		by planning, revising, editing, rewriting;
	avoid plagiarism; and		on personal ideas and the ideas of others;	f.	use paraphrasing, summarizing,
g.	provide a concluding statement or section.	f.	use paraphrasing, quotations, and original		quotations, and original language to avoid
			language to avoid plagiarism; and		plagiarism; and

ı	g.	provide a concluding statement or section
ı		related to the opinion presented.

g. provide a concluding statement or section related to the claim presented.

Standard 2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

- 2.1 Write informative/explanatory texts that:
- introduce a topic and group related information together;
- use information from multiple print and multimedia sources;
- include illustrations to aid comprehension;
- d. develop the topic with facts, definitions, and details;
- develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- use paraphrasing and original language to avoid plagiarism;
- g. use transition words and phrases to connect ideas within categories of information;
- develop a style and tone authentic to the purpose; and
- provide a concluding statement or section.

- 2.1 Write informative/explanatory texts that:
- introduce a topic clearly;
- use information from multiple print and multimedia sources;
- group related information in paragraphs and sections;
- d. include formatting, illustrations, and multimedia to aid comprehension:
- develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic;
- f. develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- g. use paraphrasing, quotations, and original language to avoid plagiarism;
- h. link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases;
- use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform or explain the topic;
- j. develop a style and tone authentic to the purpose; and
- provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.

- 2.1 Write informative/explanatory texts that:
- a. introduce a topic clearly;
- use relevant information from multiple print and multimedia sources;
- c. provide a general observation and focus;
- d. group related information logically;
- e. use credible sources;
- f. include formatting, illustrations, and multimedia to aid comprehension;
- develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic;
- develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- use paraphrasing, quotations, summarizing, and original language to avoid plagiarism;
- j. link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses;
- use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform or explain the topic;
- develop a style and tone authentic to the purpose; and
- m. provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.

Standard 3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective techniques, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- 3.1 Gather ideas from texts, multimedia, and personal experience to write narratives that:
- develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences;
- establish a situation and introduce a narrator and/or characters;
- organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally;
- d. use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations;
- develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- use temporal words and phrases to signal event order;
- use imagery, precise words, and sensory details to develop characters and convey experiences and events; and
- h. provide a sense of closure.

- 3.1 Gather ideas from texts, multimedia, and personal experience to write narratives that:
- develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences;
- orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters;
- organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally;
- d. use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations;
- develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events;
- g. use imagery, precise words, and sensory details to develop characters and convey experiences and events precisely; and
- provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

- 3.1 Gather ideas from texts, multimedia, and personal experience to write narratives that:
- develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences;
- orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters;
- organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally;
- d. use dialogue, pacing, and manipulation of time to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations:
- develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing building on personal ideas and the ideas of others;
- use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events;
- use imagery, precise words, and sensory details to develop characters and convey experiences and events precisely; and
- provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Language (L)

Standard 4: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing and speaking.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
4.1 When writing:	4.1 When writing:	4.1 When writing:
show knowledge of the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs;	 a. use relative pronouns and relative adverbs; b. form and use the progressive verb tenses; 	a. show knowledge of the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections; b. form and use the perfect verb tenses;
form and use regular and irregular plural nouns; use abstract nouns;	c. use modal auxiliaries to convey various conditions;	c. use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions;
 c. form and use regular and irregular verbs; d. form and use the simple verb tenses; 	 use modal auxiliaries and the progressive verb tenses, recognizing and correcting 	d. recognize and use appropriate continuity or shifts in verb tense; and
e. ensure subject-verb and pronoun- antecedent agreement;	inappropriate shifts in verb tense; e. order adjectives within sentences	e. use correlative conjunctions.
f. form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs, and choose between them depending on what is to be modified;	f. explore using prepositional patterns; f. explore using prepositional phrases in different positions within a sentence; g. use coordinating and subordinating	
g. form and use prepositional phrases; h. use coordinating and subordinating	conjunctions; h. use a variety of sentence types to	
i. produce simple, compound, and complex	produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments	
sentences.	and run-ons; and i. use frequently confused homonyms correctly.	

Standard 5: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Standard 5. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spennig when writing.					
5.1 Capitalize appropriate words in titles,	5.1 Capitalize names of magazines,	5.1 Apply correct usage of capitalization.			
historical periods, company names,	newspapers, works of art, musical				
product names, and special events.	compositions, organizations, and the first				
	word in quotations.				
5.2 Use:	5.2 Use:	5.2 Use:			
 a. apostrophes to form contractions and 	 a. apostrophes to form possessives and 	 a. apostrophes and quotation marks; and 			
singular and plural possessives;	contractions;	 commas for appositives, to set off the 			
 b. quotation marks to mark direct speech; and 	 duotation marks and commas to mark 	words yes and no, to set off a tag question			
 c. commas in locations and addresses, to 	direct speech; and	from the rest of the sentence, and to			
mark direct speech, and with coordinating	c. commas before a coordinating conjunction	indicate direct address.			
adjectives.	in a compound sentence.				

5.3 Use conventional spelling for high- frequency words, previously studied words, and for adding suffixes to base words.	5.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		
5.4 Use spelling patterns and generalizations.	5.4 Use spelling patterns and generalizations.	5.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
5.5 Consult print and multimedia sources to check and correct spellings.	5.5 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.		

Range and Complexity (RC)
Standard 6: Write independently, legibly, and routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences over short and extended time frames.

names.				
GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE		
6.1 Write routinely and persevere in writing tasks:	6.1 Write routinely and persevere in writing	6.1 Write routinely and persevere in writing		
 a. over short and extended time frames; 	tasks:	tasks:		
 for a range of domain-specific tasks; 	 a. over short and extended time frames; 	 a. over short and extended time frames; 		
c. for a variety of purposes and audiences; and	 b. for a range of domain-specific tasks; 	 for a range of domain-specific tasks; 		
d. by adjusting the writing process for the task,	c. for a variety of purposes and audiences;	 c. for a variety of purposes and audiences; 		
increasing the length and complexity.	and	and		
	d. by adjusting the writing process for the	 d. by adjusting the writing process for the 		
	task, increasing the length and	task, increasing the length and		
	complexity.	complexity.		
6.2 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.				
Grade 1 Print upper- and lower-case letters proportionally using appropriate handwriting techniques.				
6.3 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.				
Grade 1 Write left to right leaving space between we	ords.			
6.4 Continue to develop effective keyboarding	6.4 Demonstrate effective keyboarding skills.	6.4 Students are expected to build upon and		
skills.		continue applying previous learning.		
6.5 Connect upper- and lower-case letters	6.5 Students are expected to build upon and co	ontinue applying previous learning.		
efficiently and proportionately in cursive	•			
handwriting.				
efficiently and proportionately in cursive	6.5 Students are expected to build upon and co	ntinue applying previous learning.		

Communication (C)

Expectations for Teaching and Learning

Learning should be modeled, supported, and reflect gradual release of responsibility at all levels.

Teachers should continue to address earlier standards as they apply to more complex text.

Students are expected to build upon and continue applying concepts learned previously.

Fundamentals of Communication

- Employ a reciprocal communication process that includes planning, drafting, revising, editing, reviewing, presenting, and reflecting.
- Communicate using style, language, and nonverbal cues appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- Use active and attentive communication skills, building on other's ideas to explore, learn, enjoy, argue, and exchange information.
- Monitor delivery and reception throughout the communication process and adjust approach and strategies as needed.
- Adjust speech, using standard English when indicated or appropriate, in a variety of contexts and tasks for presenting or participating in the social exchange of ideas.
- Acquire vocabulary from multiple forms of communication; use newly acquired vocabulary to appropriately communicate in a variety of situations and contexts.

Meaning and Context (MC)

Standard 1: Interact with others to explore ideas and concepts, communicate meaning, and develop logical interpretations through collaborative conversations; build upon the ideas of others to clearly express one's own views while respecting diverse perspectives.

considerative conversations, build upon the ideas of others to clearly express one s own views while respecting diverse perspectives.				
GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE		
1.1 Explore and create meaning through	1.1 Explore and create meaning by formulating	 Consider viewpoints of others by listening, 		
conversation and interaction with peers and adults.	questions, engaging in purposeful dialogue with peers and adults, sharing ideas and considering alternate viewpoints.	reflecting, and formulating questions before articulating personal contributions.		
1.2 Participate in discussions; ask questions to	1.2 Participate in discussions; ask and respond	1.2 Participate in discussions; ask and respond		
acquire information concerning a topic,	to questions to acquire information	to probing questions to acquire and confirm		
text, or issue.	concerning a topic, text, or issue.	information concerning a topic, text, or		
		issue.		
1.3 Apply techniques of articulation, adequate	1.3 Apply techniques of articulation, adequate	1.3 Apply effective communication techniques		
volume, eye contact, facial expressions,	volume, eye contact, facial expressions,	and the use of formal or informal voice		
posture, gestures, and space; take one's	posture, gestures, and space; take one's	based on audience and setting.		
own turn in a respectful way.	own turn in a respectful way.			
1.4 Engage in focused conversations about	1.4 Engage in focused conversations about	1.4 Engage in focused conversations about		
grade appropriate topics and texts; build	grade appropriate topics and texts; build on	grade appropriate topics and texts; build on		
on ideas of others to clarify thinking and	the ideas of others, pose specific questions,	the ideas of others, pose specific questions,		

express new thoughts.	respond to clarify thinking, and express new thoughts.	respond to clarify thinking, and express new thoughts.	
1.5 Explain personal ideas and build on the ideas of others by responding and relating to comments made in multiple exchanges.	Explain personal ideas and build on the ideas of others by responding and relating to comments made in multiple exchanges.	Explain personal ideas while building on the ideas of others to demonstrate understanding of diverse perspectives.	
1.6 This indicator does not begin until English 1. English 1 Utilize various modes of communication to present a clear, unique interpretation of diverse perspectives.			

Standard 2: Articulate ideas, claims, and perspectives in a logical sequence using information, findings, and credible evidence from sources.

2.1 Recall information from experiences and	2.1 Articulate ideas, perspectives and	2.1 Analyze ideas, perspectives and
gather information from print and	information with details and supporting	information using examples and
multimedia sources; take brief notes from	evidence in a logical sequence with a clear	supporting evidence related to the topic.
sources, categorize, and organize.	introduction, body, and conclusion.	
2.2 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or	2.2 Discuss the purpose and the credibility of	2.2 Analyze the credibility of information
recount an experience with appropriate facts	information presented in diverse media	presented in diverse media and formats.
and relevant, descriptive details.	and formats.	
2.3 This indicator does not begin until Grade 6.		
Grade 6: Quote or paraphrase the data and cond	clusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and p	providing basic bibliographic information for
sources.		
2.4 Speak clearly at an understandable pace,	2.4 Students are expected to build upon and continue applying previous learning.	
adapting speech to a variety of contexts		
and tasks; use standard English when		
indicated or appropriate.		

Standard 3: Communicate information through strategic use of multiple modalities and multimedia to enrich understanding when presenting ideas and information.

3.1 Compare how ideas and topics are depicted	3.1 Compare and contrast how ideas and topics	3.1 Compare and contrast how ideas and
in a variety of media and formats.	are depicted in a variety of media and	topics are depicted in a variety of media
	formats.	and formats.
3.2 Create presentations using video, photos,	3.2 Create presentations using videos, photos,	3.2 Create presentations that integrate visual
and other multimedia elements to support	and other multimedia elements to support	displays and other multimedia to enrich
communication and clarify ideas, thoughts,	communication and clarify ideas, thoughts,	the presentation.
and feelings.	and feelings.	

Language, Craft, and Structure (LCS)

Standard 4: Critique how a speaker addresses content and uses stylistic and structural craft techniques to inform, engage, and impact audiences.

GRADE THREE	GRADE FOUR	GRADE FIVE
4.1 Identify the presentation style a speaker	4.1 Identify the presentation style a speaker	4.1 Identify a speaker's claim and determine
uses to present content.	uses to enhance the development of a central idea or theme.	the effectiveness of how each point is presented to support the claim.
4.2 Determine if the presentation has a	4.2 Determine if the presentation has a	4.2 Identify the speaker's use of chronological,
purposeful organizational strategy, with	purposeful organizational strategy, with	cause/effect, problem/solution, and
appropriate transitions.	appropriate transitions.	compare/contrast relationships to convey messages.
4.2 Identify why the speaker:	4.3 Identify how and why the speaker:	4.3 Identify how and why the speaker:
 a. uses intonation and word stress; 	 uses intonation and word stress; 	a. uses intonation and word stress;
b. includes media;	b. includes media;	b. includes media;
c. addresses the audience;	c. addresses the audience;	c. addresses the audience;
d. determines word choice; and	d. determines word choice; and	d. determines word choice; and
e. incorporates figurative language and	e. incorporates figurative language and literary	e. incorporates figurative language and literary
literary devices.	devices.	devices.

Standard 5: Incorporate craft techniques to engage and impact audience and convey messages.

Standard 3. Incorporate trait techniques to engage and impact addictive and convey messages.				
5.1 Set a purpose and integrate craft	5.1 Set a purpose and integrate craft techniques	5.1 Set a purpose, integrate craft techniques		
techniques to create presentations.	to create presentations.	and maintain a clear focus in presentations.		
5.2 Employ metaphor, imagery,	5.2 Employ hyperbole, imagery,	5.2 Articulate clearly a message using		
personification, and hyperbole when	personification, idioms, adages, and	figurative language, dialogue, idioms,		
appropriate to impact the audience.	proverbs when appropriate to convey	adages, proverbs, and imagery when		
	messages.	appropriate to impact the audience.		
5.3 This indicator does not begin until English 1.				
English I Develop messages that use logical, emotional, and ethical appeals.				